

# **MODEL F2C**

CLASS: Sludge and slurry handling

**CONSTRUCTION: Carbon Steel** 

CAPACITY: 0-50 gpm [191 lpm]

DISCHARGE PRESSURE: 0-125 psi [8.6 Bar]

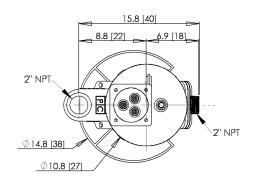
MAX SOLID: 2" [5 cm]

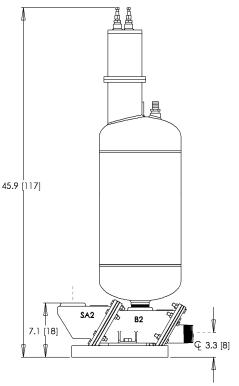
## **CONFIGURATION OPTIONS**

- ELECTRO-PNEUMATIC CONTROL (for non-explosion proof environments)
- GRAVITY FILLED
- FLOW INDUCED (vacuum assisted fill)
- HIGH TEMPERATURE (212F/100C)

Large stroke volume = low cycle and wear rates

Low internal velocities = low erosive wear





## APPLICATION EXAMPLES

Clarifier sludge transfer, sludge de-watering feed to plate and frame filter press, belt filterpress, rotary drum filter, muds, BOF sludge, municipal primary and secondary sludge, sand, silt, stone cutting run-off, TiO2 transfer and de-watering, diatomaceous earth, coal fines, mill scale, hot slurries. Fluid must be water-based/conductive.

## **QUICK SPECS**

Weight: 109 lbs [49 kg]

• Stroke Volume: 7.7 gal [29 l]

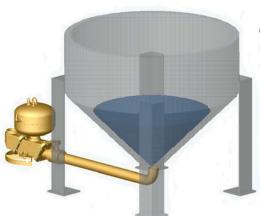
Operating Level: 'Gravity' - 27" [69 cm] above pump grade
 Optional Suction Lift: 'Flow Induced' - 120" [3 m] maximum suction lift

(see reverse side for explanation)

• Panel Required: DP310

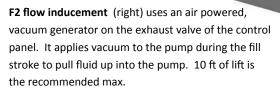
See reverse side for Specification Details, Flow Curve and Air Consumption





Gravity operation (left) requires an operating level equal to or above the top of the pump (appr 27" above grade).

No compressed air is required for the fill stroke.



\*see note below chart for additional air consumption

Part# **F2C** /\_ /\_ **SEAT MATERIAL** 

To specify a pump select a control panel (required) and seat option. Nitrile (std) 15 ft airlines are provided.

Panel Requirements: Compressed air or dry gas, unlubricated, recommended 80 psi delivered through 3/4" pipe or equal and 110 vac (<1 A) power.

N = nitrile (standard)

V = viton

T = teflon UHD = hard urethane

E = epdm

K = kynar

**PANEL OPTIONS** 

DP310G2 = electro-pneumatic, dual probe, gravity fed. DP310F2 = electro-pneumatic, dual probe, flow induced.

F2C/N/DP310G2 = 2" steel filter press feed pump with nitrile seats, DP310G2 control panel.

#### Valve seat selection:

- Nitrile good all-purpose elastomer. Medium chemical, oil and solvent resistance, used up to 150°F.
- Viton excellent resistance to oxidizers and solvents. Medium strength, used up to 250°F.
- Teflon excellent chemical resistance to acids, bases and solvents. Lower cycle life, non-elastomeric, used up to 300°F.
- Hard Urethane high durometer with good abrasion resistance with mild chemical resistance, used up to 150°F.
- EPDM good heat and acid/base resistance but poor hydrocarbon resistance, used up to 300°F.
- PVDF (kynar) excellent chemical resistance, toughness and resistance to cold flow (thermoplastic). Good cycle life and can be used up to 250°F.

## MAXIMUM FLOW CURVE

HEAD meters		with air consumption in SCFM (gravity mode)												
220 ft	67.1	5.5	11.0	16.5	22.0	27.5	33.0	38.5	Operating Flow Capacity:					
200 ft	61.0	5.1	10.1	15.2	20.3	25.3	30.4	35.4	anywhere in shaded area.					
180 ft	54.9	4.6	9.3	13.9	18.5	23.2	27.8	32.4	Air consumption: pick closest					
160 ft	48.8	4.2	8.4	12.6	16.8	21.0	25.2	29.4	cell to your flow & pressure					
140 ft	42.7	3.8	7.5	11.3	15.1	18.8	22.6	26.4	30.1	33.9	37.7	41.4	45.2	
120 ft	36.6	3.3	6.7	10.0	13.3	16.7	20.0	23.3	26.7	30.0	33.3	36.7	40.0	
100 ft	30.5	2.9	5.8	8.7	11.6	14.5	17.4	20.3	23.2	26.1	29.0	31.9	34.8	
80 ft	24.4	2.5	4.9	7.4	9.9	12.3	14.8	17.3	19.7	22.2	24.7	27.1	29.6	
60 ft	18.3	2.0	4.1	6.1	8.1	10.2	12.2	14.2	16.3	18.3	20.3	22.4	24.4	
40 ft	12.2	1.6	3.2	4.8	6.4	8.0	9.6	11.2	12.8	14.4	\16.0	17.6	19.2	
20 ft	6.1	1.2	2.3	3.5	4.7	5.8	7.0	8.2	9.3	10.5	14.7	12.8	14.0	
10 ft	3.0	1.0	1.9	2.9	3.8	4.8	5.7	6.7	7.6	8.6	9.5	10.5	11.4	
GPM		5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60	
lpm		19	38	57	76	95	114	132	151	170	189	208	227	

Example 1 (gravity fill): 40 gpm @ 20 ft TDH requires 9.3 scfm

\*Note for flow inducement: add 0.45 x gpm to the air consumption.



DP310G2 Panel

Example 2 (flow induced): 40 gpm @ 20 ft using suction lift. Since 40 gpm at 20 ft uses 9.3 scfm (from chart), then add 0.45 scfm per gpm to the consumption; in this case  $40 \times 0.45$  scfm or 18 scfm. The total consumption is 9.3 + 18 = 28.5 scfm.